## Claims

1. A method for preventing or treating actinic keratosis comprising applying to the affected skin surface an amount of a composition effective for preventing or treating actinic keratosis, said composition comprising a hydroximic acid derivative of the formula

$$^{NH_2}_{R^3-A-C=N-O-CH_2-CH-CH_2-N}$$
  $^{OH}_{R^1}_{R^2}$   $^{R^1}_{R^2}$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-5}$  alkyl group;

 $R^2$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-5}$  alkyl group, a  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl group or a phenyl group, optionally substituted by a hydroxy group or a phenyl group; or

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 5 to 8 membered saturated or unsaturated ring that optionally comprises one or more further nitrogen or oxygen atoms, wherein said ring can be optionally condensed with a benzene ring;

 $R^3$  is a hydrogen atom, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group or a pyridyl group wherein said groups can optionally be substituted by one or more halo atoms or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy groups;

A is a group of the formula

$$\begin{array}{ccc} R^4 & R^5 \\ | & | \\ ---(CH)_{m}--(CH)_{n}-- & \underline{a} \end{array}$$

wherein

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

R<sup>5</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

m has a value of 0, 1 or 2; and

n has a value of 0, 1 or 2;

or a physiologically acceptable acid addition salt thereof as the active ingredient.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein in the compound of the formula (I)  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a piperidino group,  $R^3$  is a pyridyl or a phenyl group, A represents a group of the formula  $\underline{a}$ ,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} R^4 & R^5 \\ | & | \\ ---(CH)_{m} - (CH)_{n} - & \underline{a} \end{array}$$

wherein

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

R<sup>5</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

and m and n have a value of 0.

- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula (I) is O-(3-piperidino-2-hydroxy-1-propyl)nicotinic amidoxime or an acid salt thereof.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the active ingredient is present at 0.1 to 30% by mass of the composition.

- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the active ingredient is present at 5 to 15% by mass of the composition.
- 6. The method of claim 2, wherein the active ingredient is present at 5 to 15% by mass of the composition.
- 7. The method of claim 3, wherein the active ingredient is present at 5 to 15% by mass of the composition.
- 8. A method for preventing or treating a pathological condition of the skin selected from the group consisting of dry skin, polymorphic light exanthema, toxic photopathology, photo-allergy, solar atrophy, stria migrans, elastoma diffusum, X-ray dermatitis, gouty polychondritis and decubitis ulcer, comprising applying to the affected skin surface an amount of a composition effective for preventing or treating said pathological condition of the skin, said composition comprising a hydroximic acid derivative of the formula

$$R^{3}$$
— $A$ — $C$ = $N$ — $O$ — $CH_{2}$ — $CH$ — $CH_{2}$ — $N$ 
 $R^{2}$ 

wherein

 $R^1$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-5}$  alkyl group;

 $R^2$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-5}$  alkyl group, a  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl group or a phenyl group, optionally substituted by a hydroxy group or a phenyl group; or

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 5 to 8 membered saturated or unsaturated ring that optionally comprises one or more further nitrogen or oxygen atoms, wherein said ring can be optionally condensed with a benzene ring;

 $R^3$  is a hydrogen atom, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group or a pyridyl group wherein said groups can optionally be substituted by one or more halo atoms or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy groups;

A is a group of the formula

wherein

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

R<sup>5</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

m has a value of 0, 1 or 2; and

n has a value of 0, 1 or 2;

or a physiologically acceptable acid addition salt thereof as the active ingredient.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein in the compound of the formula (I)  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a piperidino group,  $R^3$  is a pyridyl or a phenyl group, A represents a group of the formula  $\underline{a}$ ,

wherein

R<sup>4</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group;

R<sup>5</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a phenyl group; and m and n have a value of 0.

- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein the compound of the formula (I) is O-(3-piperidino-2-hydroxy-1-propyl)nicotinic amidoxime or an acid salt thereof.
- 11. The method of claim 8, wherein the active ingredient is present at 0.1 to 30% by mass of the composition.
- 12. The method of claim 8, wherein the active ingredient is present at 5 to 15% by mass of the composition.
- 13. The method of claim 9, wherein the active ingredient is present at 5 to 15% by mass of the composition.
- 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the active ingredient is present at 5 to 15% by mass of the composition.